

TITLE _____
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY CODE

ARTICLE 1
GENERAL PROVISIONS

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-101 Short Title. This Title shall be known as the “White Earth Reservation Limited Liability Company Code.”

-102 Purposes; Sovereign Immunity.

1. The purpose of this Code is to provide for economic development of the White Earth Band of Chippewa and its Owners by:
 - a. providing the legal framework for organizing individually-owned business entities in order to expand the private business sector on the Reservation; and
 - b. authorizing the formation of wholly-owned Tribal business entities for managing the Tribe’s economic activities separate from the general affairs of its Tribal Council, with the ability to enter into legally-binding contracts and commercial relationships without the need for formal Tribal Council action.
2. By the adoption of this Code, the Tribe does not waive its sovereign immunity or consent to suit in any court, federal, tribal or state, and neither the adoption of this Code, nor the incorporation of any limited liability company hereunder, shall be construed to be a waiver of the sovereign immunity of the Tribe or a consent to suit against the Tribe in any court.

-103 Scope.

This Code shall apply to all limited liability companies organized under its provisions or which elect to accept the provisions of this Code.

-104 Applicable Law.

The companies organized and created under this Code shall be subject to this Code, and all other laws of the Tribe. By organizing and creating a company under this Code, the company and its Owners shall be considered to have entered into a consensual relationship with the Tribe and agree to be subject to the full extent of the Tribe’s legislative, regulatory and adjudicatory jurisdiction. Unless displaced by particular provisions of this Code or other Tribal law, the principles of law and equity supplement this Code.

-105 Definitions. Terms used in this Code have the following meaning:

1. "Articles of Organization" means the articles filed under Section 201 and those articles as amended or restated.
2. "Corporation" means a domestic corporation for profit organized under the law of the Tribe or a foreign corporation formed under the laws of any other jurisdiction.
3. "Distribution" means a direct or indirect transfer by a limited liability company of money or other property to or for the benefit of its Owners in respect of their interests.
4. "Entity" includes an individual, a general partnership, limited partnership, a domestic or foreign limited liability company, a trust, an estate, an association, a corporation or any other legal or commercial entity.
5. "Foreign" refers to limited liability companies, corporations and limited partnerships organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the Tribe.
6. "Limited Liability Company" or "Domestic Limited Liability Company" means an organization formed under this Code, except as provided for in Section 801(1).
7. "Limited Liability Company Interest" or "Interest in the Limited Liability Company" or "Owner's Interest" means an Owner's rights in the limited liability company, including rights to distributions, profits and losses, and to participate in management, as specified in the Operating Agreement.
8. "LLC" means a limited liability company.
9. "Majority in Interest" means an Owner or Owners holding more than fifty percent (50%) of the total voting interests in the limited liability company excluding any interest which is not to be counted as voting on a matter as described elsewhere in this Code.
10. "Manager" or "Managers" means the person(s) or entity(ies) designated to manage the LLC pursuant to the Articles of Organization and Operating Agreement.
11. "Office of the Secretary-Treasurer" means the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer of the Tribal Council as provided by the Tribal Constitution, or that individual's designee.
12. "Operating Agreement" means an agreement in writing among all of the Owners as to the conduct of the business of a limited liability company and its relationships with its Owners.
13. "Organizer(s)" means the person(s) or entity(ies) which signs and delivers the Articles of Organization for filing to the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer.
14. "Owner" "Member" means a Person that is a member of a limited liability company or has ownership interest in a limited liability company. The term does not include a person that has dissociated as a member under Section 307.
15. "Person" includes a natural person, Tribal Entity and an organization such as a general partnership, limited partnership, a domestic or foreign limited liability company, a trust, an estate, an association, or a corporation.
16. "Reservation" means all lands under the jurisdiction of the Tribe, including all lands within the exterior boundaries of the Tribe's Reservation, individual tribal Owner allotments, whether located on or off the Reservation, and all lands held in trust by the United States of America for the benefit of the Tribe.
17. "State" includes a state, territory, or possession of the United States and the District of Columbia.
18. "Tribal Entity" includes the Tribe, the Tribal Council, a general partnership, limited partnership, a domestic or foreign limited liability company, a trust, an estate, an association, a corporation, a program, a department, an administrative agency or any other legal, commercial or governmental entity of the Tribe.
19. "Tribal Council" means the Tribal Council also known as the Reservation Business Committee, as established the Tribal Constitution as the governing body of the Tribe.
20. "Tribal Constitution" means the Revised Constitution and Bylaws of the Minnesota Chippewa Tribe.

21. "Tribal Corporation" means a corporation wholly-owned by the Tribe and duly formed pursuant to the Tribe's Business Corporation Code.
22. "Tribal Court" means the White Earth Tribal Court.
23. "Tribally-owned LLC" means a limited liability company wholly-owned by the Tribe with the Tribe as its sole Owner.
24. "Tribe" means the White Earth Band of Chippewa Indians.
25. "Trust Land" means land held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Tribe or its Owners.

-106 Name.

1. The name of a limited liability company as set forth in its Articles of Organization must contain the words "limited liability company" or end with the abbreviation "L.L.C." or "LLC." The name may not contain language stating or implying that the limited liability company is organized for any purpose other than that permitted under Section 109, below.
2. The name of a domestic LLC shall be distinguishable from any LLC or corporation previously organized under the laws of the Tribe.

-107 Registered Office and Registered Agent.

1. A limited liability company's registered agent is the company's agent for receiving service of process, notice, or demand required or permitted by law to be served on the company under the laws of the Tribe.
2. Each LLC shall continuously maintain a registered office and a registered agent. The registered office may, but need not, be the same as any of its places of business. The agent may be the same person then serving in a designated office of the Tribe rather than a specified person if the Tribe is an Owner in the LLC of which the Tribe's officer is the appointed agent.
3. An LLC may change its registered office or registered agent, or both, filing a written notice of change containing the name of its registered agent and the street address of its registered office, as changed, with the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer and paying the filing fee.
4. The registered agent of an LLC may resign as a registered agent by delivering to the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer for filing a written statement of resignation and the appointment by the LLC of another registered agent.

-108 Tribe as Owner.

1. The Tribe shall form or become an Owner of a Tribally-owned LLC formed under this Code only upon approval of such action by the Tribal Council.
2. If the Tribe or a Tribal Entity is an Owner of an LLC formed under this Code, any action which the Tribe is required or permitted to take with respect to any vote, approval, consent, appointment, direction, or other matter shall be taken as specified in Section 941 of this Code or, as to actions related to the managers of a manager-managed LLC, as stated in the LLC's Operating Agreement approved by the Tribal Council.
3. If the Tribe is the sole Owner of an LLC formed under this Code, such Tribally-owned LLC shall possess all of the privileges and immunities of the Tribe, including the Tribe's sovereign immunity from suit except to the extent otherwise provided in its Operating Agreement.

4. If the Tribe or a Tribal Entity is an Owner with a Majority in Interest in an LLC formed under this Code, such LLC may possess the privileges and immunities of the Tribe, including sovereign immunity from suit, to the extent allowed by Federal law, this Code or its Operating Agreement.
5. In no event shall any manager not an Owner of an LLC in which the Tribe is an Owner, bind the Tribe in any manner; provided that the Tribe's interest as an Owner may be bound by manager or Owner actions as stated in this Code and the Operating Agreement of the LLC.
6. Nothing contained in this Code shall be construed as creating any liability or waiving of sovereign immunity of the Tribe in any manner; provided that the assets of the LLC in which the Tribe holds an interest may be subject to liabilities and claims unless otherwise provided herein. In no event shall any action taken by the Tribe as Owner concerning the exercise of any right or privilege or discharge of any duty with respect to an interest in an LLC be construed as a waiver of immunity or creation of a liability on the part of the Tribe separate and apart from its interests as an Owner of the LLC.
7. For all Tribally-owned limited liability companies, the additional provisions of Part 9 of this Code shall apply.

-109 Nature of Business. A limited liability company may be organized under this Code for any lawful purpose. Unless otherwise provided in its Operating Agreement, an LLC organized and existing under this Code has the same powers as an individual to do all things necessary and convenient to carry out its business, including but not limited to all of the following:

1. Consent to be sued, complain and defend in its name; provided, however, that if an LLC is Tribally-owned, or wholly-owned by another entity which itself is wholly-owned by the Tribe, it shall be entitled to and shall enjoy the Tribe's sovereign immunity from suit unless the Operating Agreement otherwise provides.
2. Purchase, take, receive, lease, or otherwise acquire and own, hold, improve, use, and otherwise deal in or with real, or personal property or any legal or equitable interest in real or personal property, wherever situated.
3. Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, create a security interest in, lease, exchange, or otherwise dispose of all or any part of its property.
4. Lend money, property, and services to, and otherwise assist, its Owners and managers, if any.
5. Purchase, take, receive, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire and own, hold, vote, use, employ, sell, mortgage, lend, pledge, or otherwise dispose of and deal in and with shares or other interests in, or obligations of, any other enterprise or entity.
6. Make contracts and guarantees; incur liabilities; borrow money; issue notes, bonds, and other obligations; and secure any of its obligations by mortgage or pledge of all or part of its property, franchises, and income.
7. Lend money, invest and reinvest its funds, and receive and hold real or personal property as security for repayment.
8. Conduct its business, locate offices, and exercise the powers granted by this Code inside or outside of the Reservation.
9. Be a promoter, incorporator, partner, Owner, associate, or manager of any enterprise or entity.
10. Elect or appoint managers, agents, and employees, define their duties, and fix their compensation.
11. Pay pensions and establish pension plans, pension trusts, profit-sharing plans, and benefit or incentive plans for any or all of its current or former Owners, managers, employees, and agents.

12. Make donations to and otherwise devote its resources for the public welfare or for charitable, scientific, educational, humanitarian, philanthropic, or religious purposes.
13. Indemnify an Owner, manager, employee, officer or agent, or any other person.
14. Provide benefits or payments to Owners, managers, employees, and agents of the LLC, and to their estates, families, dependants or beneficiaries in recognition of the past services of the Owners, managers, employees, and agents of the LLC.
15. Make payments or donations, or do any other act not prohibited by law, that furthers the business of the LLC.
16. Transact any lawful business that the Owners or the managers find to be appropriate to promote and further the business and affairs of the limited liability company.

-110 Execution of Documents.

1. Except as otherwise provided in this Code, any document required or permitted by this Code to be delivered for filing in accordance with Section 111 shall be executed by any of the following:
 - a. Any manager, if management of the LLC is vested in a manager or managers, or by an Owner, if management of the LLC is reserved to the Owners.
 - b. All organizers of the LLC if the LLC has not been organized. The name and address of each organizer shall be provided.
 - c. The name of the drafter of the document.
2. The person executing the document shall sign it and state beneath or opposite the signature the person's name and capacity in which the person signs.
3. The person executing the document may do so as an attorney-in-fact. Powers of attorney relating to the executing of the document need not be shown to nor filed with the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer.

-111 Filing.

1. The Office of the Secretary-Treasurer shall receive all filings required under this Code and maintain the records of such filings pursuant to this Section, including but not limited to the Articles of Organization, amended or restated articles, annual reports, names and addresses of registered offices and agents, and, in the case of Tribally-owned LLC's, the Operating Agreement and amendments thereto, and other reports required by this Code.
2. Upon receipt of a document for filing under this Code, the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer shall ensure it meets the requirements herein and then shall stamp or otherwise endorse the date and time of receipt of the original, the duplicate copy, and, upon request, any additional copy received.
3. If the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer refuses to file a request, the Office shall return it to the person tendering the document for filing within five (5) business days after the date on which the document is received by the Office for filing, together with a brief written explanation of the reason for refusal.
4. Any document accepted by the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer shall be effective at the time of receipt unless a delayed effective date and/or time not more than ninety (90) days after receipt by the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer is specified in the document.
5. Fees. The Office of the Secretary-Treasurer shall impose a reasonable filing fee for each document filed, initially not to exceed the sum of \$100.00, and an annual renewal fee initially not to exceed the sum of \$25.00 during the life of the LLC, subject to any uniform schedule of fees as may hereafter be adopted by the Office from time to time.

-112 Certificate of Status. Any person may obtain from the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer, upon request, a certificate of status for either a domestic or a foreign LLC.

-113 Execution by Judicial Act. Any person who is adversely affected by the failure or refusal of any person to execute and file any articles or other document to be filed under this Code may petition the Tribal Court to direct the execution and filing of the articles or other document. Nothing in this Code, however, serves to waive any aspect of the Tribe's sovereign immunity, and any waiver thereof must be provided explicitly in the LLC's Articles of Organization and/or Operating Agreement.

-114 Interstate Application. An LLC may conduct its business, carry on its operations and have and exercise the powers granted by this Code, in any sovereign Native Nation, any state, territory, district or possession of the United States, or in any foreign jurisdiction.

TITLE _____
ARTICLE 2
OPERATING AGREEMENT AND DEALING WITH LLC

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|------|---|------|---------------------------------------|
| -201 | Articles of Organization. | -205 | Liability of Owners to Third Parties. |
| -202 | Agency Power of Owners and Managers. | -206 | Parties to Action |
| -203 | Admissions of Owners and Managers. | -207 | Authority to sue. |
| -204 | Knowledge of or Notice to Owner or Manager. | | |

-201 Articles of Organization.

1. One or more persons may organize a limited liability company by signing and delivering the Articles of Organization to the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer for filing. The organizer(s) need not be Owners of the LLC at the time of organization or thereafter.
2. A limited liability company shall have one or more Owners.
3. The Articles of Organization shall contain all of and only the following information:
 - a. A statement that the LLC is organized under this Code.
 - b. A name for the LLC that satisfies the provisions of this Code.
 - c. The street address of the registered office and the name of the registered agent at that office. For all LLC's formed pursuant to this Code and for all foreign LLC's operating within the Reservation, such office and agent shall be located within the exterior boundaries of the Reservation.
 - d. If management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers, a statement to that effect.
 - e. The name and address of each person organizing the LLC.
 - f. Whether the LLC is Tribally-owned.
 - g. If Tribally-owned, whether the LLC is to enjoy Tribal sovereign immunity and the scope of any waiver of that immunity.
4. The Office of the Secretary-Treasurer shall assign each Articles of Organization an identification number.
5. Amendment. An LLC may amend its Articles of Organization at any time by delivering an amendment, with filing fee, for filing to the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer.
6. Effect of Delivery or Filing.
 - a. An LLC is formed when the Articles of Organization become effective under Section 111(4).
 - b. The Office of the Secretary-Treasurer's filing of the Articles of Organization is conclusive proof that the LLC is organized and formed under this Code.

-202 Agency Power of Owners and Managers.

1. Except as provided in subsection 2, below:
 - a. Each Owner is an agent of the LLC, but not of any the other Owners, for the purpose of its business.
 - b. The act of any Owner, including the execution in the name of the LLC of any instrument for apparently carrying on in the ordinary course of business the business of the LLC, binds the LLC in the particular matter, unless the person with whom the Owner is dealing has knowledge that the Owner has no authority to act in this matter.

- c. If the Tribe is an Owner, the Tribe's authority shall be exercised pursuant to Section 941.
- 2. If management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers:
 - a. No Owner, solely by being an Owner, is an agent of the LLC or of the other Owners.
 - b. Each manager is an agent of the LLC, but not for the other Owners, for the purpose of its business. The act of any manager, including the execution in the name of the LLC of any instrument for apparently carrying on the ordinary course of business of the LLC, binds the LLC unless the manager has, in fact, no authority to act for the LLC in the particular matter, and the person with whom the manager is dealing has knowledge that the manager has no authority to act in the matter.
- 3. No act of an Owner or, if management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers, of a manager that is not apparently authorized for the carrying on in the ordinary course of business the business of the LLC, shall bind the LLC unless in fact authorized at the time of the transaction or at any other time.

-203 Admissions of Owners and Managers.

- 1. Except as provided in Section 203(2)(b), an admission or representation made by any Owner concerning the business of an LLC within the scope of the Owner's actual authority may be used as evidence against the LLC in any legal proceeding.
- 2. If management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers:
 - a. An admission or representation made by a manager concerning the business of an LLC within the scope of the manager's authority may be used as evidence against the LLC in any legal proceeding.
 - b. The admission or representation of any Owner, acting solely in the Owner's capacity as an Owner, is not evidence against the LLC in any legal proceeding.

-204 Knowledge of or Notice to Owner or Manager.

- 1. Except as provided in Section 204(2)(b), notice to any Owner of any matter relating to the business of an LLC, and the knowledge of an Owner acting in the particular matter, acquired while an Owner or known by the person at the time of becoming an Owner, and the knowledge of any Owner who reasonably could and should have communicated it to the acting Owner, operate as notice to or knowledge of the LLC.
- 2. If management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers:
 - a. Notice to any manager of any matter relating to the business of the LLC, and the knowledge of the manager acting in the particular matter acquired while a manager or known by the person at the time of becoming a manager and the knowledge of any other manager who reasonably could and should have communicated it to the acting manager, operate as notice to or knowledge of the LLC.
 - b. Notice to or knowledge of any Owner while the Owner is acting solely in the capacity of an Owner is not notice to or knowledge of the LLC.

-205 Liability of Owners to Third Parties. The debts, obligations, and liabilities of an LLC, whether arising in contract, tort, or otherwise, shall be solely the debts, obligations, and liabilities of the LLC. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Code, an Owner or manager of an LLC is not personally liable for any debt, obligation, or liability of an LLC, as defined in the Operating Agreement.

-206 Parties to Action. An Owner of an LLC is not a proper party to a proceeding by or against an LLC solely by reason of being an Owner of the LLC, except if any of the following exist:

1. The object of the proceeding is to enforce an Owner's right against or liability to the LLC.
2. The action is brought by an Owner under Section 207.

-207 Authority to Sue. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, an action on behalf of an LLC may be brought in the name of the LLC by:

1. One or more Owners of the LLC, if authorized by a Majority in Interest of Owners, excluding the vote of any Owner who has an interest in the outcome of the action that is adverse to the interest of the LLC.
2. One or more managers of an LLC if the management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers, or if the managers are authorized to sue by a Majority in Interest of Owners.

Nothing contained herein shall be construed as authorizing actions of any kind whatsoever against the Tribe as Owner unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement.

TITLE ____
ARTICLE 3
OWNERS AND MANAGERS

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|------|---|------|--------------------------|
| -301 | Management. | -305 | Records and Information. |
| -302 | Duties. | -306 | Admission of Owners. |
| -303 | Limitation of Liability and Indemnification. | -307 | Dissociation. |
| -304 | Voting. | | |

- 301 Management.

1. Unless the Articles of Organization vest management in one or more managers, management of the LLC shall be vested in the Owners subject to any provision in the Operating Agreement or this Code restricting or enlarging the management rights and duties of any Owner or group of Owners.

In an Owner-managed liability company, the following rules shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Operating Agreement or this Code:

- a. A difference arising among Owners as to a matter in the ordinary course of the activities of the LLC may be decided by a majority of the Owners.
 - b. An act outside the ordinary course of activities of a limited liability company may be undertaken only with the consent of all the Owners.
2. If the Articles of Organization vest management in one or more managers, management of the business or affairs of the LLC shall be invested in the manager or managers subject to any provisions in the Operating Agreement or this Code restricting or enlarging the management rights and duties of any manager or group of managers. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, the manager or managers:
 - a. Shall be designated, appointed, elected, removed, or replaced by a vote of a Majority in Interest of the Owners.
 - b. Need not be Owners of the LLC nor individuals.
 - c. Unless earlier removed or earlier resigned, shall hold office until a successor is elected and qualified.

-302 Duties. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement:

1. No Owner or manager shall act or fail to act in a manner that constitutes any of the following:
 - a. A willful failure to deal fairly with the LLC or its Owners in connection with a matter in which the Owner or manager has a material conflict of interest.
 - b. A violation of criminal law involving moral turpitude.
 - c. A transaction from which the Owner or manager derived an improper personal profit.
 - d. Willful misconduct.
2. Every Owner and manager shall account to the LLC and hold as trustee for it any improper personal profit derived by that Owner or manager without the consent of a majority of the disinterested Owners or managers, or other persons participating in the management of the LLC, from any of the following:

- a. A transaction connected with the organization, conduct, or winding up of the LLC.
- b. A use by an Owner or manager of the property of an LLC, including confidential or proprietary information or other matters entrusted to the person as a result of the person's status as Owner or manager.
- c. Operating Agreement may impose duties on its Owners and managers that are in addition to, but not in abrogation of, those provided in subsection (1) above.

-303 Limitation of Liability and Indemnification.

- 1. In this Section, "expenses" mean expenses of defending a lawsuit, including attorney's fees, and any civil judgment or penalty, or settlement payment in lieu thereof, paid in connection with a lawsuit against an Owner or manager in such capacity.
- 2. An LLC shall indemnify or allow expenses to each Owner and each manager for all reasonable expenses incurred with respect to a proceeding if that Owner or manager was a party to the proceeding in the capacity of an Owner or manager.
- 3. The Operating Agreement may alter or provide additional rights to indemnification or allowance of expenses to Owners and managers.
- 4. Notwithstanding subsections (2) and (3) above, an LLC may not indemnify an Owner or manager unless it is determined that the Owner or manager did not breach or fail to perform a duty to the LLC as provided in Section 302.
- 5. Unless otherwise provided in Operating Agreement:
 - a. An Owner or manager shall be conclusively presumed not to have breached or failed to perform a duty to the LLC to the extent that the Owner or manager has been successful on the merits or otherwise in the defense of the proceeding.
 - b. In situations not described in paragraph (a), above, the determination of whether Owner or manager has breached or failed to perform a duty to the LLC shall be made by the vote of a Majority in Interest of the Owners, excluding any Owner who is a party to the same or related proceeding unless all Owners are parties.

-304 Voting.

- 1. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement or this Section, and subject to subsection (2) below, an affirmative vote, approval, or consent as follows shall be required to decide any matter connected with the business of a LLC.
 - a. If management of an LLC is reserved to the Owners, an affirmative vote, approval, or consent by a Majority in Interest of Owners.
 - b. If the management of an LLC is vested in one or more managers, the affirmative vote, consent, or approval of more than fifty percent (50%) of the managers.
- 2. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement or this Code, the affirmative vote, approval, or consent of all Owners shall be required to do any of the following:
 - a. Amend the Articles of Organization.
 - b. Issue an interest in an LLC to any person.
 - c. Adopt, amend, or revoke Operating Agreement.
 - d. Allow an LLC to accept any additional contribution from an Owner.
 - e. Allow a partial redemption of an interest in an LLC under Section 503.
 - f. Value contributions of Owners under Section 401.
 - g. Authorize a manager, Owner, or other person to do any act on behalf of the LLC that contravenes the Operating Agreement.
- 3. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, if any Owner is precluded from voting with respect to a given matter, the value of the contribution represented by the

interest in the LLC with respect to which the Owner would otherwise have been entitled to vote shall be excluded from the total contributions made to the LLC for purposes of determining the fifty percent (50%) threshold under Section 105(9) for that matter.

4. Unless otherwise provided in Operating Agreement or this Section, if all or part of an interest in the LLC is assigned under Section 604, the assigning Owner shall be considered the owner of the assigned interest for purposes of determining the 50% threshold under Section 105(9) until the assignee of the interest in the LLC becomes an Owner under Section 606.

-305 Records and Information.

1. An LLC shall keep at its principal place of business all of the following:
 - a. A list, in alphabetical order, of each past and present Owner and, if applicable, manager.
 - b. A copy of the Articles of Organization and all amendments to the articles, together with executed copies of any powers of attorney under which any articles were executed.
 - c. A copy of the Operating Agreement and all amendments thereto.
 - d. A record of all matters referred to in this Code as maintained in such records which are not otherwise specified in the Operating Agreement.
2. Upon reasonable request, an Owner may, at the Owner's own expense, inspect and copy during ordinary business hours any LLC record unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement.
3. Owners or, if the management of the LLC is vested in one or more managers, managers shall provide true and full information of all things affecting the Owners to any Owner or to the legal representative of any Owner upon reasonable request of the Owner or the legal representative.
4. Failure of an LLC to keep or maintain any of the records of information required under this Section shall not be grounds for imposing liability on any person for the debts and obligations of the LLC.

-306 Admission of Owners.

1. In connection with the formation of an LLC, a person acquiring an LLC interest is admitted as an Owner upon formation unless the Operating Agreement otherwise provides.
2. After the formation of an LLC, a person acquiring an LLC interest is admitted as an Owner of the LLC as specified in the Operating Agreement or, if not so specified, by consent of all the other Owners, or, if the person is an assignee of another person's LLC interest, only pursuant to Section 606.

-307 Dissociation.

1. A person ceases to be an Owner of an LLC upon the simultaneous occurrence of and at the same time of any of the following events:
 - a. The Owner withdraws by voluntary act.
 - b. The Owner is removed as an Owner in accordance with the Operating Agreement or this Code.
 - c. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement or by the written consent of all Owners at the time of the event, the Owner does any of the following:
 - i. Makes an assignment for the benefit of the creditors.

- ii. Files a petition in bankruptcy.
 - iii. Becomes the subject of an order for relief under the federal bankruptcy laws or state or tribal insolvency laws.
 - iv. Fails to gain dismissal of any federal bankruptcy or state or tribal insolvency proceeding within 120 days of commencement of an involuntary proceeding.
 - d. Unless provided in the Operating Agreement or by the written consent of all Owners, if the Owner is an individual, either of the following occurs:
 - i. The Owner's death.
 - ii. The entry of an order by a court of competent jurisdiction adjudicating the Owner incompetent to manage the Owner's person or estate.
 - e. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement or by written agreement or by the written consent of all Owners at the time, if the Owner is a trust, corporation, partnership, or limited liability company upon liquidation, dissolution, or termination.
- 2. The Owners may provide in the Operating Agreement for other events the occurrence of which result in a person ceasing to be an Owner of the LLC.
- 3. Unless the Operating Agreement provides that an Owner does not have the power to withdraw by voluntary act from an LLC, the Owner may do so at any time by giving written notice to the other Owners or as provided in the Operating Agreement. If the Owner has the power to withdraw but the withdrawal is a breach of the Operating Agreement, the LLC may offset the damages against the amount otherwise distributable to the Owner, in addition to pursuing any remedies provided for in the Operating Agreement or otherwise available under applicable law.

TITLE _____
ARTICLE 4
FINANCE

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|------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------------|
| -401 | Contributions. | -403 | Allocation of Profits and Losses. |
| -402 | Liability for Contribution. | | |

-401 Contributions.

1. An Owner's contributions to an LLC may consist of cash, property, or services rendered, or promissory notes or other written obligations to provide cash or property or to perform services.
2. The value of an Owner's contribution shall be determined in the manner provided in the Operating Agreement. If the Operating Agreement does not fix a value to a contribution, the value of a contribution shall be approved by a Majority in Interest of the Owners, shall be properly reflected in the records and information kept by the LLC under Section 305(1). The value of contributions so determined shall be binding and conclusive on the LLC and its Owners.

-402 Liability for Contribution.

1. An obligation of an Owner to provide cash or property or to perform services as a contribution to an LLC is not enforceable unless specified in a writing signed by the Owner.
2. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, an Owner is obligated to an LLC to perform any enforceable promise to provide cash or property or to perform services, even if the Owner is unable to perform because death, disability, or any other reason. If an Owner does not provide cash, property, or services as promised, the Owner is obligated at the option of the LLC to provide cash equal to that portion of the value of the stated contribution that has not been fulfilled.
3. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, an Owner's obligation to provide cash or property or perform services as a contribution to the LLC may be compromised only by the written consent of all of the Owners.

-403 Allocation of Profits and Losses. The profits and losses of an LLC shall be allocated among the Owners in the manner provided in the Operating Agreement. If the Owners do not enter into an Operating Agreement or the Operating Agreement does not provide otherwise, profits and losses shall be allocated on the basis of value of the contributions made by each Owner.

TITLE ____
ARTICLE 5
NON-LIQUIDATING DISTRIBUTIONS

| | | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| -501 | Interim Distributions. | -505 | Distribution in Kind. |
| -502 | Allocation of Distributions. | -506 | Right to Distribution. |
| -503 | Distribution Upon Partial Redemption. | -507 | Limitations of Distributions. |
| -504 | Distribution Upon Dissociation. | -508 | Liability for Wrongful Distribution. |

-501 Interim Distributions. Except as provided in this Part, an Owner is entitled to receive distributions from an LLC before the Owner's dissociation from the LLC and before its dissolution and winding up to the extent and at the times or upon the events specified in the Operating Agreement, or to the extent and at the times determined by the Owners or managers.

-502 Allocation of Distributions. Distributions of cash or other assets of an LLC shall be allocated among the Owners as provided in Operating Agreement, or if the Operating Agreement does not so provide, on the basis of the value of the contributions made by each Owner.

-503 Distribution Upon Partial Redemption. Except as provided in this Part, upon the distribution in partial liquidation of an Owner's interest, the redeeming Owner is entitled to receive the amount to which the Owner is entitled under the Operating Agreement and, if not otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, the fair value of the redeemed interest based on the Owner's right to share in distributions from the LLC.

-504 Distribution Upon Dissociation. Except as otherwise provided in this Part, upon an event of dissociation under Section 307 that does not cause dissolution of the LLC, a dissociating Owner is entitled to receive any distribution to which Owner is entitled under the Operating Agreement and, if not otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, the fair market value of the Owner's interest in the LLC based on the Owner's rights to share in distributions from the LLC.

-505 Distribution in Kind. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement:

1. An Owner may not demand and receive any distribution from an LLC in any form other than cash.
2. An Owner may not be compelled to accept a distribution of any asset in kind except for a liquidating distribution made proportionately.

-506 Right to Distribution. At the time that an Owner becomes entitled to receive a distribution from an LLC, the Owner has the status of and is entitled to all remedies available to a creditor of the LLC with respect to the distribution; provided, however, that such right shall not in any way limit any other remedy available to such Owner under any other provision of applicable law or the Operating Agreement.

-507 Limitations of Distributions.

1. An LLC may not declare or make a distribution to any of its Owners, if after giving effect to the distribution, any of the following would occur:
 - a. The LLC would be unable to pay its debts as they become due in the usual course of business.
 - b. The fair market value of the LLC's total assets would be less than the sum of its total liabilities plus, unless the Operating Agreement provides otherwise, the

- amount that would be needed for the preferential rights upon dissolution of Owners, if any.
2. An LLC may base a determination that a distribution is not prohibited by subsection (1), above, on any of the following:
 - a. Financial statements and other financial data prepared on the basis of accounting practices and principles that are reasonable under the circumstances.
 - b. A fair market valuation or other method that is reasonable under the circumstances.
 3. An LLC's indebtedness to an Owner incurred by reason of a distribution made in accordance with this Section is at parity with the LLC's indebtedness to its general unsecured creditors, except to the extent subordinated by written agreement. This Section does not affect the validity or priority of a security interest in an LLC's property that is created to secure the indebtedness to the Owner.

-508 Liability for Wrongful Distribution.

1. Except as provided in subsection (2) below, an Owner (other than the Tribe or Tribal Entity) or manager who votes or assents to a distribution in violation of Section 507 or of the Operating Agreement is personally liable to the LLC for the amount of the excess distribution, subject to contribution from all other managers or Owners participating in such action.
2. An action to recover under this Section may be brought in the Tribal Court; however, a proceeding under this Section is barred unless it is brought within two (2) years after the date of the distribution.
3. Nothing in this Code serves to waive any aspect of the Tribe's sovereign immunity, and any waiver thereof must be provided explicitly in the LLC's Operating Agreement.

TITLE ____
ARTICLE 6
OWNERSHIP AND TRANSFER OF PROPERTY

| | | | |
|------|-----------------------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| -601 | Ownership of LLC Property. | -605 | Rights of Judgment Creditor. |
| -602 | Transfer of Property. | -606 | Right of Assignee to Become an Owner. |
| -603 | Nature of Interest. | -607 | Powers of Legal Representative. |
| -604 | Assignment of LLC Interest. | | |

-601 Ownership of LLC Property.

1. All property originally transferred to or acquired by an LLC is property of the LLC and not the Owners individually.
2. Property acquired with LLC funds is presumed to be LLC property.
3. Property may be acquired, held, and conveyed in the name of the LLC.

-602 Transfer of Property. The property of an LLC may be transferred by an instrument of transfer executed by any Owner in the name of the LLC, unless management is vested in managers, in which case the document of transfer shall be executed by a manager, subject to any limitation that may be imposed by the Operating Agreement.

-603 Nature of Interest. An LLC interest is personal property.

-604 Assignment of LLC Interest.

1. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement:
 - a. An LLC interest is assignable in whole or in part.
 - b. An assignment of an LLC interest entitles the assignee to receive only the distributions and to share in the allocations of profits and losses to which the assignee would be entitled with respect to the assigned interest.
 - c. An assignment of an LLC interest does not dissolve the LLC.
 - d. Unless and until the assignee becomes an Owner of the LLC under Section 606, the assignment of an LLC interest does not entitle the assignee to participate in the management or exercise rights of an Owner.
 - e. Unless and until the assignee of an LLC interest becomes an Owner of the LLC under Section 606, the assignor continues to be an Owner.
 - f. The assignor of an LLC interest is not released from any personal liability arising under this Code as an Owner of the LLC solely as a result of the assignment.
2. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, the granting of a security interest, lien, or other encumbrance in or against any or all of an Owner's LLC interest is not assignable and shall not cause the Owner to cease to have the power to exercise any rights or powers of an Owner.

-605 Rights of Judgment Creditor. Upon application to a court of competent jurisdiction, including a court other than the Tribal Court having valid jurisdiction over an Owner, by any judgment creditor of the Owner, the court may charge the LLC interest of any Owner (other than the Tribe) with payment of the unsatisfied amount of the judgment. To the extent so charged, the judgment creditor has only the rights of an assignee of the Owner's LLC interest in distributions made by the LLC to Owners and other assigned interest holders in the usual course of business. This Section does not deprive any Owner of the

benefit of any exemption laws applicable to the LLC interest. In no event shall the Tribe's interest be attachable in abrogation of its sovereign immunity.

-606 Right of Assignee to Become an Owner.

1. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, an assignee of an LLC interest may become an Owner only if the other Owners unanimously consent.
2. An assignee of an LLC interest who becomes an Owner has, to the extent assigned, the rights and powers and is subject to the restrictions and liabilities of the assignor under the Operating Agreement and this Code.
3. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, an assignor of an LLC interest is not released from any liability to the LLC without the written consent of all the Owners, whether or not the assignee becomes an Owner.

-607 Powers of Legal Representative. If an Owner who is an individual dies or a court of competent jurisdiction adjudges the Owner to be incompetent to manage his or her person or property, the Owner's personal representative, administrator, guardian, conservator, trustee, or other legal representative shall have all the rights of an assignee of the Owner's interest. If an Owner is a corporation, trust, partnership, limited liability company, or other entity and is dissolved or terminated, the powers of that Owner may be exercised by its legal representative or successor.

TITLE _____
 ARTICLE 7
 DISSOLUTION

| | | | |
|------|-------------------------|------|-------------------------------------|
| -701 | Dissolution. | -705 | Articles of Dissolution. |
| -702 | Judicial Dissolution. | -706 | Known Claims Against Dissolved LLC. |
| -703 | Winding Up. | -707 | Unknown or Contingent Claims. |
| -704 | Distribution of Assets. | | |

-701 Dissolution. A limited liability company is dissolved and its affairs shall be wound up upon the happening of the first of the following:

1. The occurrence of events specified in the Operating Agreement.
2. The written consent of all Owners.
3. An event of dissociation of an Owner, unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement or continuation is consented to by all remaining Owners.
4. Entry of a decree of judicial dissolution under Section 702.

-702 Judicial Dissolution.

1. In a proceeding by or for an Owner, the Tribal Court or court of competent jurisdiction may order dissolution of an LLC if any of the following is established:
 - a. That it is not reasonably practicable to carry on the business of the LLC.
 - b. That the LLC is not acting in conformity with its Operating Agreement.
 - c. That one or more managers are acting or will act in a manner that is illegal, oppressive, or fraudulent.
 - d. That one or more Owners in control of the LLC are acting or will act in a manner that is illegal, oppressive, or fraudulent.
 - e. That LLC assets are being misapplied or wasted.
2. If the Tribe is an Owner of the LLC, any action under this Section must be brought in the Tribal Court, unless explicitly otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement. Nothing in this Section may be construed as a waiver of the Tribe's sovereign immunity from suit, and any waiver thereof must be provided explicitly in the LLC's Operating Agreement.

-703 Winding Up.

1. A dissolved LLC continues its legal existence but may not carry on any business except that which is appropriate to wind up and liquidate its business.
2. Unless otherwise provided in its Operating Agreement:
 - a. The business of the LLC may be wound up by any of the following:
 - i. The Owners or managers who have authority to manage the LLC before dissolution.
 - ii. In a judicial dissolution, the person(s) designated by the Tribal Court or court of competent jurisdiction.
 - b. The persons winding up the business of the LLC may do all of the following in the name of and on behalf of the LLC:
 - i. Collect its assets.
 - ii. Prosecute and defend suits.
 - iii. Take any action necessary to settle and close the business of the LLC.
 - iv. Dispose of and transfer the property of the LLC.

- v. Discharge or make provision for discharging the liabilities of the LLC.
 - vi. Distribute to the Owners any remaining assets of the LLC.
3. Dissolution of a LLC does not do any of the following:
- a. Transfer title to the LLC's property.
 - b. Prevent transfer of all or part of an Owner's interest.
 - c. Prevent commencement of a civil, criminal, administrative, or investigatory proceeding by or against the LLC.
 - d. Abate or suspend a civil, criminal, administrative, or investigatory proceeding pending by or against the LLC at the time of dissolution.
 - e. Terminate the authority of the registered agent of the LLC.
 - f. Alter the limited liability of an Owner.

-704 Distribution of Assets. Upon the winding up of an LLC, the assets shall be distributed in the following order:

- 1. To creditors, including to the extent permitted by law, Owners, and former Owners in satisfaction of liabilities of the LLC.
- 2. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, to Owners and former Owners in satisfaction of liabilities for distributions under Sections 501, 503 and 504.
- 3. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, to Owners and former Owners first for the return of their contributions in proportion to their respective values and, thereafter, in proportion to their respective rights to share in distributions from the LLC before dissolution.

-705 Articles of Dissolution. After the dissolution of an LLC under Section 701, the LLC may file articles of dissolution with the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer that include the following:

- 1. The name of the LLC.
- 2. The date of filing of its Articles of Organization.
- 3. The statutory grounds under Section 701 for dissolution.
- 4. The delayed effective date of the articles of dissolution under Section 111(3), if applicable.

-706 Known Claims Against Dissolved LLC.

- 1. A dissolved LLC may notify its known claimants in writing of the dissolution and specify a procedure for making claims.
- 2. A claim against the LLC is barred if:
 - a. A claimant who was given written notice under subsection (1) above, does not deliver the claim, in writing, to the LLC by the deadline specified in the notice; or
 - b. A claimant whose claim is rejected by the LLC does not commence a proceeding to enforce the claim within ninety (90) days after receipt of the rejection notice.

-707 Unknown or Contingent Claims. A claim not barred under Section 706 may be enforced:

- 1. Against the dissolved LLC, to the extent of its undistributed assets.
- 2. If the dissolved LLC's assets have been distributed in liquidation, against an Owner of the LLC, other than the Tribe, to the extent of the Owner's proportionate share of the claim or of the assets of the LLC distributed to the Owner in liquidation, whichever is less, but an Owner's total liability for all claims under this Section may not exceed the total value of assets at the time distributed to the Owner.

TITLE _____
ARTICLE 8
MERGER

| | | | |
|------|---------------------|------|---------------------|
| -801 | Merger | -804 | Articles of Merger. |
| -802 | Approval of Merger. | -805 | Effects of Merger. |
| -803 | Plan of Merger. | -806 | Right to Object. |

-801 Definitions.

1. “Constituent Organization” in this Part means an organization, including a corporation, a limited liability company, an unincorporated cooperative or other tribally-formed entity, that is a party to a merger.
2. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this Part “corporation” includes a domestic corporation and a foreign corporation.
3. Unless the context requires otherwise, in this Part “LLC” includes a domestic LLC and a foreign LLC.
4. “Organizational Documents” includes articles of organization, operating agreements, articles of incorporation, bylaws, partnership agreements, agreements of trust and declarations of trust, and any other basic records that create an entity’s organization and determine its internal governance and relations among person that own it, have an interest in it, or are Owners of it.

-802 Merger.

1. Unless otherwise provided in its Organizational Documents, one or more Constituent Organizations may merge with or into one or more LLC’s or one or more other foreign LLC’s as provided in the plan of merger.
2. Interests or shares in a Constituent Organization that is a party to a merger may be exchanged for or converted into cash, property, obligations, or interest in the surviving LLC.

-803 Approval of Merger.

1. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, a domestic LLC that is a party to a proposed merger shall approve the plan of merger by an affirmative vote by all of the Owners.
2. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, the manager or managers of a domestic LLC may not approve a merger without also obtaining the approval of the LLC’s Owners under subsection (1), above.
3. All other Constituent Organizations shall approve the merger in the manner and by the vote required by the laws applicable to the Constituent Organizations and their respective Organizational Documents.
4. Each Constituent Organization shall have any rights to abandon the merger as provided for in the plan of merger or in the laws applicable to the Constituent Organization or its Organizational Documents.
5. Upon approval of a merger, the Constituent Organization shall notify its Owners, shareholders, and all others that have an ownership interest in it of the approval and of the effective date of the merger.

-804 Plan of Merger. Each Constituent Organization shall enter into a written plan of merger to be approved under Section 803.

-805 Articles of Merger.

1. The surviving LLC shall deliver to the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer articles of merger, executed by each party to the plan of merger, that include all of the following:
 - a. The name and state or jurisdiction of organization for each Constituent Organization.
 - b. The plan of merger.
 - c. The name of the surviving or resulting LLC.
 - d. A statement as to whether the management of the surviving LLC will be reserved to its Owners or vested in one or more managers.
 - e. The delayed effective date of the merger under Section 111(4), if applicable.
 - f. A statement as to whether the surviving LLC is Tribally-Owned.
 - g. If Tribally-Owned, a statement as to whether the surviving LLC enjoys the Tribe's sovereign immunity.
 - h. A statement that the plan of merger was approved in accordance with Section 803.
2. A merger takes effect upon the effective date of the articles of merger.

-806 Effects of Merger. A merger has the following effects:

1. The Constituent Organizations must become a single entity, which shall be the entity designated in the plan of merger as the surviving LLC.
2. Each Constituent Organization, except the surviving LLC, ceases to exist.
3. The surviving LLC possesses all of the rights, privileges, immunities, and powers of each merged Constituent Organization and is subject to all of the restrictions, disabilities, and duties of each merged Constituent Organization.
4. All property and all debts, including contributions, and each interest belonging to or owed to each of the Constituent Organizations are vested in the surviving LLC without further act.
5. Title to all real estate and any interest in real estate, vested in any Constituent Organization, does not revert and is not in any way impaired because of the merger.
6. The surviving LLC has all the liabilities and obligations of each of the Constituent Organizations and any claim existing or action or proceedings pending by or against any merged Constituent Organization may be prosecuted as if the merger had not taken place, or the surviving LLC may be substituted in the action.
7. The rights of creditors and any liens on the property of any Constituent Organization survive the merger.
8. The interests in a Constituent Organization that are to be converted or exchanged into interest, cash, obligations, or other property under the terms of the plan of merger are converted and the former interest holders are entitled only to the rights provided in the plan of merger of the rights otherwise provided by law.
9. The Articles of Organization of the surviving LLC is amended to the extent provided in the articles of merger.

-807 Right to Object. Unless otherwise provided in the Operating Agreement, upon receipt of the notice required by Section 803(5), an Owner who did not vote in favor of the merger may, within twenty (20) days after the date of the notice, voluntarily dissociate from the LLC under Section 307(3) and receive fair value for the Owner's LLC interest under Section 504.

TITLE _____
ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE

SUBPART 1
GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR TRIBALLY-OWNED LLC'S

| | | | |
|------|--------------------------------------|------|---|
| -911 | Tribally-Owned Companies. | -915 | Project Companies with Non-Tribal Owners. |
| -912 | Tribally-Owned Subsidiary Companies. | -916 | Purpose of Tribally-Owned LLC's |
| -913 | Privileges and Immunities. | -917 | Waiver of Sovereign Immunity. |
| -914 | Ownership. | | |

-911 Tribally-Owned Companies. There are hereby authorized to be created limited liability companies wholly-owned by the Tribe, with the Tribe as the sole Owner. Tribally-owned limited liability companies shall be created by a duly adopted resolution of the Tribal Council. The organizer shall file in accordance with Section 111. When the organizer files the Articles of Organization and the Operating Agreement of a Tribally-owned LLC, a certified copy of the resolution authorizing the formation of the LLC and approving the articles shall be included. Tribally-owned LLC's shall be considered to be instrumentalities of the Tribe.

-912 Tribally-Owned Subsidiary Companies. There are hereby authorized to be created by resolution of the Board of Directors of a Tribally-owned limited liability company or of a Tribal Corporation, or of a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a Tribally-owned LLC or Tribal Corporation, subsidiary LLC's to be wholly-owned by the parent Tribally-owned LLC or parent Tribal Corporation, which shall be instrumentalities of the Tribe. The organizer of such a Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC shall file in accordance with Section 111. When the organizer files the Articles of Organization and the Operating Agreement of the Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC, a certified copy of a resolution of the Board of Directors of the parent Tribally-owned LLC or parent Tribal Corporation authorizing the formation of the subsidiary LLC and approving the articles shall be included.

-913 Privileges and Immunities. The limited liability companies established under Sections 911 and 912 shall be considered to be instrumentalities of the Tribe, and their officers and employees considered officers and employees of the Tribe, created for the purpose of carrying out authorities and responsibilities of the Tribal Council for economic development of the Tribe and the advancement of its tribal Owners. Such LLC's, their directors, officers and employees shall, therefore, be entitled to all of the privileges and immunities enjoyed by the Tribe, including but not limited to immunities from suit in Federal, State and Tribal courts and from Federal, State, and local taxation or regulation.

-914 Ownership.

1. No Ownership interest in any LLC in which the Tribe is an Owner may be alienated unless approved by the Tribal Council. Further, no Ownership interest in any Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC may be alienated unless approved by a duly adopted resolution of the Board of Directors of the parent Tribally-owned LLC or parent Tribal Corporation.
2. All interests in any Tribally-owned LLC shall be held by and for a Tribe, or in the case of a wholly-owned subsidiary LLC, by the parent Tribally-owned LLC or parent Tribal Corporation. No individual member of the Tribe shall have any personal ownership interest in any LLC organized under this Part, whether by virtue of such person's status as a member of a Tribe, as an officer of a Tribe's Government, or otherwise.

-915 Project Companies with Non-Tribal Owners. Any LLC created pursuant to this Part, including subsidiary LLC's, may form or own interests or shares in partnerships, corporations, or other limited liability companies with other governmental or non-governmental entities or persons under the laws of the Tribe or any other jurisdiction ("Project Companies"); provided, however, that the partial ownership interest in such Project Companies shall not diminish or affect the privileges and immunities of the Tribally-owned LLC's or Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC's created pursuant to this Part.

-916 Purpose of Tribally-Owned LLC's. All Tribally-owned LLC's, whether directly or indirectly owned, shall state in their Operating Agreement the purpose of the LLC that relates to the overall needs, priorities, goals, and objectives of the Tribe's government, including how the LLC will contribute to tribal economic policy and further the goals of self-determination and economic self-sufficiency.

-917 Waiver of Sovereign Immunity. The limited liability companies established under Sections 911 and 912 may only waive the privileges and immunities granted under Section 913 in the following manner:

1. The LLC may specifically grant limited waivers of its immunity from suit and consent to be sued in Tribal Court or another court of competent jurisdiction or consent to binding arbitration pursuant to the procedures and authorities set forth in the LLC's Operating Agreement; provided, however, that
 - i. any such waiver or consent to suit granted pursuant to the LLC's Operating Agreement shall in no way extend to any action against the Tribe, nor shall it in any way be deemed a waiver of any of the rights, privileges and immunities of the Tribe;
 - ii. any recovery against the LLC shall be limited to the assets of the LLC (or such portion of the LLC's assets as further limited by the waiver or consent) and the Tribe shall not be liable for the payment or performance of any of the obligations of the LLC, and no recourse shall be had against any assets or revenues of the Tribe in order to satisfy the obligations of the LLC; including assets of the Tribe leased, loaned, or assigned to the LLC for its use, without transfer of title, and
 - iii. any waiver of the LLC's immunities granted pursuant to the LLC's Operating Agreement shall be further limited or conditioned by the terms of such waiver.
2. The sovereign immunity of the LLC shall not extend to actions against the LLC by the Tribe acting as Owner, or, in the case of a subsidiary LLC created pursuant to this Part, by the parent LLC acting as Owner, pursuant to Section 991 of this Part.
3. The LLC must follow the method mandated by Section 922.

ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE
SUBPART 2
SPECIAL FORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR TRIBALLY-OWNED LLC'S

-921 Formation. -922 Additional Requirements for the Articles of Organization.

-921 Formation.

1. Tribally-owned LLC's. The Chairman of the Tribal Council shall be the organizer of any Tribally-owned limited liability company.
2. Subsidiaries of Tribally-owned LLC's. A Board Member of the parent Tribally-owned LLC or parent Tribal Corporation shall be the organizer of any Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC. If practicable, such Board Member shall also be a member of the Tribe.
3. Unless a delayed effective date is specified:
 - a. The existence of a Tribally-owned LLC begins when the Articles of Organization have been approved by resolution of the Tribal Council in accordance with Section 911 and have been filed with the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer in accordance with Section 111.
 - b. The existence of a subsidiary LLC owned by a Tribally-owned LLC or Tribal Corporation begins when the Articles of Organization have been approved by a resolution of the Directors of the parent Tribally-owned LLC or Tribal Corporation and have been filed with the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer in accordance with Section 111.
 - c. The Articles of Organization of any Tribally-owned LLC or subsidiary thereof, and any amendments thereto, shall be filed with the Office of the Secretary-Treasurer in accordance with Section 111, and shall state at a minimum the items set forth in Section 922 below.

-922 Additional Requirements for the Articles of Organization. As set forth in Section 917, Tribally-owned limited liability companies established under Sections 911 and 912 may grant a limited waiver of sovereign immunity in order to promote economic development through commercial transactions for which such a waiver is necessary and beneficial to the Tribe. The method for granting a limited waiver of sovereign immunity through the above mentioned entities is as follows:

1. The sovereign immunity of a Tribally-owned LLC may be waived only by:
 - a. A resolution adopted by the Board of Directors of the Tribally-owned LLC for the specific purpose of granting a waiver, or in the case of Owner managed Tribally- owned subsidiary LLC, by the Owner's Board of Directors; and
 - b. The language of the waiver must be explicit; and
 - c. The waiver must be contained in a written contract or commercial document to which the LLC is a party.
2. Waivers of sovereign immunity by resolution of the Tribal Council may be granted only when necessary to secure a substantial advantage or benefit to the Tribally-owned LLC. Waivers of sovereign immunity by resolution may not be general but must be specific and limited as to duration, grantee, transaction, property or funds of the Tribally-owned LLC subject to the waiver, court having jurisdiction and applicable law.

ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE
SUBPART 3
MANAGEMENT OF TRIBALLY-OWNED LLC'S

-931 Board of Directors as Manager.

-932 Qualifications of Board Members.

-931 Management.

1. All Tribally-owned LLC's formed pursuant to Section 911 of this Code shall be managed by a Board of Directors in the manner described in the Company's Operating Agreement. The number, terms and method for selecting and removing Directors of any Tribally-owned LLC shall be specified in the LLC's Operating Agreement.
2. All Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC's formed pursuant to Section 912 of this Code may be Owner managed or managed by a Board of Directors. If managed by a Board of Directors, the Company's Operating Agreement shall set forth the number, terms and method for selecting and removing the Directors. If Owner managed, the LLC shall have one or more persons exercising the functions of Chief Executive Officer.

-932 Qualifications of Board Members.

1. Board Members of all Tribally-owned limited liability companies must be at least twenty-five (25) years of age, possess a high school diploma or a General Equivalency Diploma, and have no felony convictions.
2. At all times, the majority of the Board Members in all Tribally-owned LLC's shall be enrolled members of the Tribe; provided, however, that this requirement shall not apply if a vacancy occurs resulting in the majority of the Board Members not being enrolled members of the Tribe so long as such vacancy is filled by an enrolled member of the Tribe within a timely manner. This requirement shall not apply to Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC's.
3. Board Members who are not members of the Tribe shall have substantial business, financial or industry experience.

ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE
SUBPART 4
DECISIONS AND VOTING FOR TRIBALLY-OWNED LLC'S

-941 Voting.

-941 Voting.

1. The Ownership interests in all Tribally-owned LLC's shall be voted in the accordance with the Tribal Council's procedures for voting and passing Tribal resolutions.
2. The Ownership interests in a Tribally-owned subsidiary LLC shall be voted as provided in the Company's Operating Agreement.

ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE
SUBPART 5
DISTRIBUTIONS FOR TRIBALLY-OWNED LLC'S

-951 Distributions of Income.

-951 Distributions of Income.

1. Subject to the Tribe's ultimate ownership right to all income generated by its Tribally-owned LLCs, a Tribally-owned LLC shall distribute the net income of the LLC to the Tribe as set forth in a dividend plan adopted in accordance with the Operating Agreement and duly approved by the Tribal Council, except that a Tribally-owned LLC may retain reserves necessary to carry on the LLC's business in a reasonably prudent manner and as recommended by the Board of Directors, subject to further limitations set forth in Section 507 and in the Operating Agreement.
2. Subject to the parent Tribally-owned LLC's or parent Tribal Corporation's ultimate ownership right to all income generated by its subsidiary LLCs, a subsidiary LLC created pursuant to Section 912 shall distribute the net income of the LLC to the parent Tribally-owned LLC or parent Tribal Corporation as set forth in a dividend plan adopted in accordance with the Operating Agreement and duly approved by its Board of Directors, except that a Tribally-owned LLC may retain reserves necessary to carry on the LLC's business in a reasonably prudent manner and as recommended by the Board of Directors, subject to further limitations set forth in Section 507 and in the Operating Agreement.

ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE
SUBPART 6
ADDITIONAL REPORTS AND AUDITS

-961 Audit.

-962 Financial, Business, and Budget
Information.

-961 Audit. In addition to any Owner inspection rights provided in the Operating Agreement of a Tribally-owned LLC, the Tribal Council may at any time, by process in the manner required to be provided in the Operating Agreement, require that any LLC wholly-owned by the Tribe, whether directly or indirectly, or an LLC in which the Tribe owns the majority interest, be audited by an independent auditor hired by the Tribe who shall have the absolute right to require access to all of the LLC's records and documents necessary for such an audit.

-962 Financial, Business, and Budget Information. In addition to any reports to the Owner required by the Operating Agreement, the Board of Directors of each Tribally-owned LLC, whether owned directly or indirectly, shall submit the following information to the Tribal Council:

1. Copies of any periodic financial statements (including monthly or quarterly balance sheets, profit and loss statements, and cash flow statements) as may be prepared in the ordinary course of business, promptly after such statements are furnished to the LLC's Board of Directors;
2. A full report of the business activities of the corporation within 120 days after the close of each fiscal year; and
3. A proposed annual budget for the following Tribal fiscal year, including any proposed funding from the Tribe or anticipated distributions to the Tribe, by May 15 of each year, and the final annual budget adopted by each Board of Directors by October 1 of each Tribal fiscal year.

ARTICLE 9
LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANIES WHOLLY-OWNED BY THE TRIBE
SUBPART 7
ACTIONS AGAINST TRIBALLY-OWNED LLC'S

- 971 Court Actions By a Tribe Authorized. -973 Relief Available.
-972 Tribal Approval Required.
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-971 Court Actions By a Tribe Authorized. The Tribe, as Owner of any Tribally-owned limited liability company organized pursuant to this Code, or in the case of a subsidiary LLC created pursuant to this Part, the parent Tribally-owned LLC or Tribal Corporation acting as Owner, may bring a civil action against the LLC, its Board of Directors or its officers in the Tribal Court only pursuant to this Part to:

1. Enjoin temporarily or permanently any action of the LLC that is an ultra vires act outside the authority of the LLC and that is either:
 - a. unlawful; or
 - b. has or could cause material harm to the assets of the LLC or the Tribe if no immediate action is taken.
 - c. require the distribution of the LLC's surplus net income, to the extent permitted by Section 507.
2. In accordance with Section 913, the sovereign immunity of the LLC shall not extend to actions against the LLC by a Tribe acting as Owner, or, in the case of a subsidiary LLC created pursuant to this Part, by the parent LLC acting as Owner.
3. Nothing contained herein shall be construed as authorizing actions of any kind whatsoever against a Tribe.

-972 Tribal Approval Required. The filing of any court action against a Tribally-owned LLC pursuant to this Part must be authorized by the Tribe as Owner in the same manner as required in Section 941 for voting on any item properly coming before the Tribe as Owner. The request for consideration of the proposed court action may be made by the Chairman of the Tribal Council.

-973 Relief Available. In any action brought under this Part, the Tribal Court may, based on clear and convincing evidence set forth in its findings of fact and conclusions of law:

1. Issue a temporary restraining order, preliminary injunction, and permanent injunctive relief pursuant to the procedures and standards applicable in the Tribal Court, except that no bond need be posted for any preliminary injunctive relief; or
2. Order that funds of the LLC be distributed to a Tribe to the extent permitted by the Operating Agreement and Section 507 of this Code.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the White Earth Reservation Tribal Council hereby confers jurisdiction upon the White Earth Tribal Court to adjudicate alleged violations of Title 500, Prohibited Conduct.

We do hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by a vote of 3 for, 0 against, 0 silent, a quorum being present at a special meeting of the White Earth Reservation Tribal Council held on July 15, 2010 in White Earth, Minnesota.



Erma J. Vizenor, Chairwoman



Robert J. Durant, Secretary/Treasurer